

MEMORANDUM ON SAFETY

Captains/Masters are advised to take note of the Special Regulations in the Current Edition of Tall Ships Races International Limited Racing Rules and Special Regulations and, in addition, pay particular attention to the following:

- Lifejackets, Safety Harnesses, Jackstays, Safety Lines and Clipping Points (Class B, C and D). Attention is drawn to the need for guidelines for the wearing of safety harnesses and lifejackets. For example [a] at all times; or at least: [b] when reefed [c] when alone on deck [d] in restricted visibility [e] at night [f] when the wind is 20 knots or above. The proper use of jackstays and clip points is stressed (see Section 4: 4.23, and Section 5; 5.01, 5.02, 5.03).
- EPIRB 406 MHz: Attention is drawn to the correct registration with the appropriate authority of EPIRBs and the need for them to be tested and certified at the appropriate interval (see Section 4: 4.19). Please note that Personal Locator Beacons (PLB) are not acceptable as a vessel EPIRB.
- Illegal Use of Flares The illegal use of any type of flares and orange smoke signals, particularly whilst in harbour, will result in immediate disqualification of the vessel from the races and associated events and possibly prosecution by the Port Authority.
- Radar Reflectors: Care should be taken to display these correctly at sea at <u>ALL</u> times (see Section 4: 4.12).
- Watertight Integrity: Strong, well-fitting, hatches which can be and are clamped shut are fundamental to the watertight integrity and seaworthiness of any vessel (see Section 3: 3.01).
- Lookout: Particular attention is drawn to the importance of keeping a full and proper lookout at all times by all available means, especially when low-cut sails are set (Rule 5 COLREGS).
- Man overboard and Emergency Drill: Attention is drawn to the importance of regular MoB drills and to the value of well-established emergency routines and a sound command structure.
- Race Starts: Extra consideration and good seamanship should be exercised in the start area by all vessels at all times and all Captains/Masters should ensure that they have a good working knowledge of the Racing Rules (see Start of Race Rule 17 and Recalls Rule 19).
- Use of Engine to Prevent Collision: If a vessel
 has to take urgent action to prevent a collision, the
 engine may be used and the circumstances
 reported to the Race Committee as soon as
 possible after the race (see RR 21). A penalty is
 likely only when racing advantage was gained.
 Auxiliary engines should be kept in a condition in
 which they will start readily.

- Manoeuvrability of Ships and Fishing Vessels:
 The Tall Ships Races routes often take place where there is heavy commercial traffic. Some large single crew ships cannot manoeuvre easily and Captains/Masters are urged to bear this in mind at all times. The inability of fishing vessels to manoeuvre, particularly when their fishing gear is deployed, should also be remembered.
- Charts and Publications: Attention is drawn to the importance of up-to-date charts and publications covering the whole of the area of the race (see Section 4: 4.13).
- Traffic Separation Schemes: Captains/Masters are advised to pay particular attention to the Cautionary Notices on the appropriate navigational charts and to all relevant information published from time to time.
- Protection of Offshore Installations (Oil Rigs etc.): All vessels are warned that offshore installations (oil rigs etc.) may be encountered at sea. Close approach by a vessel to such installations (which may include unmarked submerged obstructions) can be extremely dangerous to the vessel and to the rig. Captains/Masters are advised always to assume the existence of a statutory safety zone extending to a distance of 500 metres around installations measured from their outer edges and to keep outside such zone.
- Gangways and Safe Access: Captains/Masters are reminded that safe access to and from their vessel is their responsibility. They should make sure that they have done what is reasonably practical to fulfil their duty in providing safe access at all times. Gangways should be properly rigged, secured, deployed, adjusted and safe to use, even if the equipment is provided by the port. Safety nets should be used where there is a risk of a person falling from the equipment.
- Trainee Safeguarding: All vessels are required to have a Trainee Welfare, Safety and Protection policy within their Safety Management System under Rule 2.03.3 which covers the measures in place for the welfare of trainees on board, and ashore, during the event.