# Sail Training as a Cultural Community

Dr Eric Fletcher

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http://www.ncl.ac.uk/cflat/

# **Sail Training**

Since mid-20<sup>th</sup> Century adapted as a type of situated residential outdoor adventure education; training *by the sea* as opposed to *for the sea* 

- Kurt Hahn
- delivering sustainable personal and social development
   outcomes (see Schijf, Allison & Von Wald, 2017)

A unique cultural experience forged by the challenges of **being at sea** 

- Man and Nature
- Man and Man

(after Rediker, 1993)

# **Study 1: Activities**

### End-of-voyage (T<sup>1</sup>)

- =1<sup>st</sup> (1<sup>st</sup>)\* Helming
- =1<sup>st</sup> (=4<sup>th</sup>) Initial familiarisation of vessel
- =1st (=10th) Man Over Board
- =2<sup>nd</sup>(=4<sup>th</sup>) Introduction to sea-staff
- \* Value in ( ) indicates T<sup>2</sup> ranking

### $T^1 + 6$ months $(T^2)$

1<sup>st</sup> (=1<sup>st</sup>)\* Helming

=2<sup>nd</sup> (=2<sup>nd</sup>) Meals – eating together

=2<sup>nd</sup> (=3<sup>rd</sup>) Night sailing

3<sup>rd</sup> (=4<sup>th</sup>) On Watch

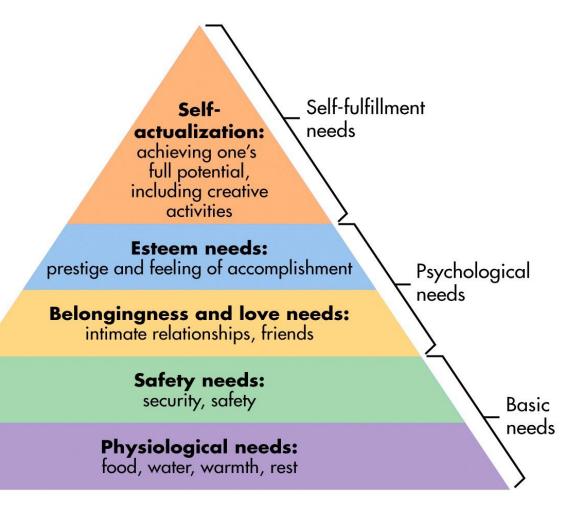
\* Value in ( ) indicates T1 ranking

Subjective 'significance' using a 5-point (0 to 4) Likert scale

inventory of 58 voyage-based activities: Arrival, Initial Briefings,
 Safety, Seamanship, Sail Handling, Living Aboard, and Training
 Workshops (Fletcher & Prince, 2017)



# Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs





# What is it about helming?

#### It is situated aboard the vessel

- Authentic
- Mediated
- Complexity
- Power
- Agency

The helmsman needs to make 'active compensatory movements' of the wheel to remain on course and 'against the boat's movements in order to keep their balance [... as they] make active counter movements with the rudder against the yawing of the boat.'

(adapted from Stadler, 1984)



### Helming is...

an optimal experience or **Flow** 

'It is what the sailor holding a tight course feels when the wind whips through her hair, when the boat lunges through the waves like a colt – sails, hull, wind, and sea humming a harmony that vibrates in the sailor's veins.'

(Csikszentmihalyi, 2008: 3)

**Eudaimonia** (after Aristotle, c.400BC)

Difficult to translate ...but accepted as the feeling of

'being where one wants to be, doing what one wants to do'

'where what is wanted is to be taken as being something worth doing'

'living life in a full and deeply satisfying way'

(see Waterman, 2008; Deci & Ryan, 2008)



# **Study 2: Cultural Community**

Concept emerged from studies of indigenous communities in South America (Rogoff, 1990)

Identifies roles for participation and membership

- Apprenticeship
- Guided Participation
- Participatory Appropriation

Difficult to transfer to Westernised schooling

Learning by Observing and Pitching In (LOPI)

(Rogoff, 2014; Coppens et al., 2014)

A different way of thinking about sail training?



### What is a Cultural Community?

#### What does *Cultural* mean?

'[It] is best understood historically, examining how current practices reflect past circumstances and ideas, and seeing how new generations adapt practices of those who went before.'

(Glăveanu, 2011; interview with Barbara Rogoff)

It is a 'way of living' (Rogoff, 2016)

#### What is a Community?

'There is more than a verbal tie between the words common, community, and communication. [People] live in a community in virtue of the things which they have in common; and communication is the way in which they come to possess things in common.' (Dewey, 1916)



# Sail Training – a Culture?

### A SEA GRAMMAR

With the Plaine Exposition of Smiths Accidence for young Sea-men, enlarged.

Divided into fifteene Chapters: what they are you may partly conceive by the Contents.

Written by Captaine John Smith, sometimes
Governour of Virginia, and Admirall
of New-England.
LONDON,

Printed by John Haviland, 1627.

#### What do you make of this?

Winds WNW. Course S 13° E. Distce sail'd 58 miles. Latd in South 43° 21'. Longd in East Greenwich 18° 10'. Hard gales and fair weather. At 2pm made sail under the Fore sails and Staysails and at 4 set the Mainsail...

Extract from the Journal of Capt.

James Cook for 1st December 1772

'[...] a sailing ship required the mind of a craftsman. Only people apprenticed to the sea early in life could hope to master it. "To catch 'em young" was a well known slogan of the old Navy.' (Elias, 1950)



### Enter as Strangers Leave as Friends

Approaching a different culture as a *stranger* 

(Schuetz, 1944; van Gennep, 1960 [1908])

- Repertoire(s) of performance (after Goffman, 1990 [1959])
- Acculturation (see Cheung et al., 2011)
- Inability to rely upon pre-existing cultural patterns/ performances
- Requires an alternative way of thinking natural pedagogy?

**Pedagogy**: 'any conscious activity by one person designed to enhance learning in another' (Daniels, 2001)

Natural pedagogy comprises 'cognitive mechanisms that enable the transmission of cultural knowledge by communication between individuals [...]' (Csibra & Gergely, 2011)



# What is the difference between school and the boat? The crew said...

Crew 13: 'On the boat, you kind of learn [...] things in everyday-life, when at school you learn like maths and English [...] and things you learn to use to get a job and stuff, so it is different.'

Crew 7: 'At school like you learn about something, but you won't experience it; [...] while on the boat you are experiencing what we were learning, while we were learning it.'

Crew 10: 'I think at school you don't normally get to do the things you are taught, like on the sailing trip we got to do everything. I think you learn much more by doing the stuff...'

Crew 15: 'I think it was definitely the things we learnt it wasn't just what we learnt [...] like what all the parts of the boat were and how everything worked, it was more like (pause) we even learnt like (pause) the true meaning of friendship [...]'



### What about the sea-staff?

[...] I still don't push myself too far beyond what I know, but I've done a few things that I don't feel comfortable with. [...] I don't know as much as I thought about sailing a large yacht. It's not like anything I've done previously in some ways but it is in others. [...] I am still challenging myself but can't quite make the grade with some things.' (Teacher)

#### What is it about sail training?

'The reason that I was doing it is because I wanted to go sailing. I certainly didn't realise that sailing was just the tip of the iceberg, with all of the other things going on.' (First Mate)

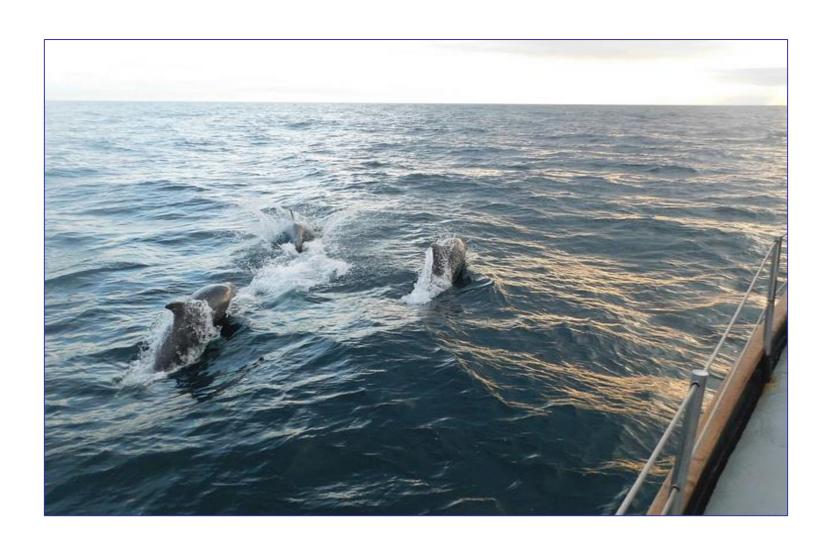
'[...] sailing really isn't rocket-science, but managing the people is, managing them, how you are with them and how you are, and how you communicate with them affects what you get back.' (Skipper)



# My proposition

Sail Training as a *Cultural Community* activates an earlier, more familiar mechanism found in a socio-cultural approach to learning that: '[envisions] the links between history, culture, language, symbols, thought, relationships, social organizations, activity, biological development, self, identity and even [...] the 'meaning of life'!' (Pollard, 2001)

### Other variables?



# **Implications**

Varied outcomes...

...each participant will **laminate** their individual voyage outcomes into their own **foundation of**(after Boud & Walker, 1990)

How have <u>you</u> laminated your sail training experiences?

How do we measure this?

### So what?

#### **Practitioners:**

How do you mediate the experience of being at sea?

#### **Providers and Researchers:**

Why are we measuring outcomes?

What should we measure?

- isolated or laminated outcomes
- short-term vs. long-term
- Individual vs. Group

How do we measure them?

### Any questions?

fletchere@live.co.uk

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